

MEMORANDUM

October 21, 2011

policy.

P.O. Box 6222	TO:	Directors of Athletics.] Senior Compliance Administrators.] of NCAA Division I Institutions.
Indianapolis, Indiana 46206		Head Athletic Trainers.
Telephone: 317/917-6222	FROM:	Jeffrey Anderson, chair Committee on Competitive Safeguards and Medical Aspects of Sports.
Shipping/Overnight Address:		
1802 Alonzo Watford Sr. Drive	SUBJECT:	Compliance with NCAA Bylaw 3.2.4.7 Requiring Designee for Nutritional Supplement Questions.
Indianapolis, Indiana 46202		
www.ncaa.org	organizat	some member institutions have received communications from ions representing dietary supplement manufacturers and suppliers. these entities is an official authority on NCAA policy and we

with

An addition to NCAA Bylaw 3.2.4.7, which went into effect August 2011, requires Division I institutions to designate an individual or individuals as the athletics department resource for questions related to NCAA banned drugs and the use of nutritional supplements, and that questions regarding NCAA banned drugs and the use of nutritional supplements be referred to that designee. This regulation was enacted so student-athletes are appropriately advised regarding the risk to eliqibility related to dietary supplements.

thus caution you against reliance upon them to assist with compliance

NCAA

To support the institutional designee, the NCAA subscribes to the Resource Exchange Center (REC), staffed by The National Center for Drug Free Sport, the NCAA third party drug-testing administrator. The institutional designee can contact the REC at any time to request a supplement product review. The REC can be accessed toll free at 1-877-202-0769 or www.drugfreesport.com/rec password ncaa1. The REC is the only authoritative resource recommended by the NCAA to member institutions to answer questions about whether a supplement product or a medication contains a banned substance. Reliance on other sources (store clerks, personal trainers, product marketing materials) has resulted in student-athletes using products that DO contain banned substances, with subsequent loss of eligibility.

The NCAA Sports Medicine Handbook identifies that dietary supplements have not been proven safe or effective. Independent research has concluded that some dietary supplements have been contaminated with banned substances. The NCAA policy related to dietary supplement use is one of caution, including the warning below, which appears on the Banned Drug information sheet attached to the NCAA Drug Testing

Consent form signed by every student-athlete:

- Dietary supplements are not well regulated and may cause a positive drug test result.
- Student-athletes have tested positive and lost their eligibility using

dietary supplements.

- Many dietary supplements are contaminated with banned drugs not listed on the label.
- Any product containing a dietary supplement ingredient is taken at your own risk.

If you need any additional assistance complying with this new regulation in Bylaw 3.2.4.7 or have any questions related to NCAA policy, please contact NCAA $${\rm staff.}$$

JA/MEW:rhb

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